UNESCO – USA (CULTURAL)

Jindřich Bláha

- Registrační číslo projektu: CZ.1.07/1.5.00/34.0229
- Šablona: II/2
- Č. materiálu: VY_22_INOVACE_06
- Datum vytvoření: 23.8.2013
- Ročník: 4
- Předmět: Anglický jazyk
- Vzdělávací oblast: Jazyk a jazyková komunikace (Cizí jazyk)
- Tematická oblast: Reálie pro cestovní ruch

ANOTACE:
ŽÁCI DOKÁŽOU LOKALIZOVAT A POPSAT KULTURNÍ PAMÁTKY USA.

- Cahokia Mounds State Historic Site (1982)
- Chaco Culture (1987)
- Independence Hall (1979)
- La Fortaleza and San Juan National Historic Site in Puerto Rico (1983)
- Mesa Verde National Park (1978)
- Monticello and the University of Virginia in Charlottesville (1987)
- Statue of Liberty (1984)
- Taos Pueblo (1992)

CAHOKIA MOUNDS STATE HISTORIC SITE

- A great civilization of Mississippian peoples settled there before Europeans discovered American continent. (600–1400 AD).

- Cahokia was larger than London was in AD 1250.

What is there to see?

- museum exhibit galleries, an orientation show theater, a public programming auditorium, museum shop etc.

- self-guided tours, guided tours, trails and the 100 ft high Monks Mound, the largest earthwork in North America [1]

Chaco Culture
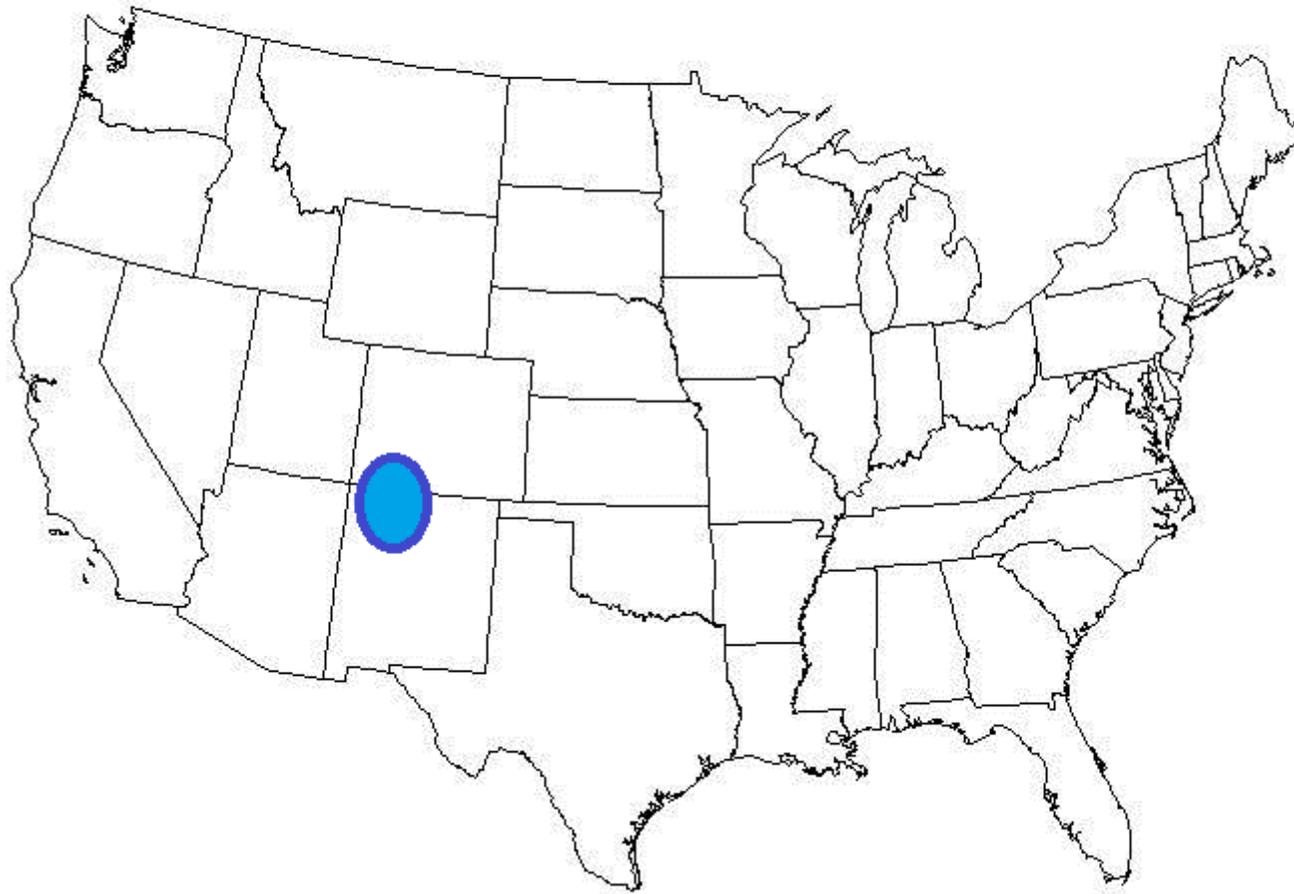
- National Historical Park in northwestern New Mexico.

- A major centre of <u>ancestral</u> Pueblo culture between 850 and 1250 AD.

- *"Chaco is <u>remarkable</u> for its monumental public and ceremonial buildings and its <u>distinctive</u> <u>multi-storey</u> "greathouses" which demonstrate a <u>sophisticated</u> understanding of astronomical phenomena. They are linked by an <u>elaborate</u> system of carefully <u>engineered</u> and constructed roads."* [2)]

LANGUAGE FOCUS
TASK: MATCH THESE WORDS WITH THEIR MEANINGS

- Remarkable

- Distinctive

- Sophisticated

- Multi-storey

- Ancestral

- Elaborate

- Engineered

❑ Complicated and advanced in design

❑ Planned, constructed, managed and put through by skillful acts

❑ Having several levels or floors

❑ Easy to recognize because of being different from other

❑ Unusual in a way that surprises or impresses you

❑ Related to who or what was there a long time ago

❑ Very detailed and complicated

TAOS PUEBLO

- The main part of the present buildings were most likely constructed between 1000 and 1450 AD

- Nowadays, around 150 people live within the Pueblo full time. Currently there are over 1900 Taos Indians living on Taos Pueblo lands.

- Languages spoken are Tiwa, English and Spanish

- They are considered to be the oldest continuously inhabited communities in the USA.
3)

MESA VERDE

- Mesa Verde means "green table" in Spanish

- There are nearly 5,000 known archeological sites, including 600 <u>cliff dwellings</u>.

- The park was created in 1906 by President Theodore Roosevelt, to protect some of the best-preserved cliff dwellings in the world, or as he said, "*preserve the works of man.*"[4]

- Tips for plces to visit: Balcony House and Long House, Cliff Palace or Mesa Verde reservoirs

Cliff dwelling – skalní obydlí

HISTORY FOCUS:
IMPORTANT DATES OF US HISTORY

- The **Founding Fathers of the United States of America -** John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Alexander Hamilton, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, and George Washington

- July 4, 1776 **The Declaration of Independence**

- September 17, 1787 **The Constitution of the United States**

  TASK: What do you know about these people and documents?

INDEPENDENCE HALL
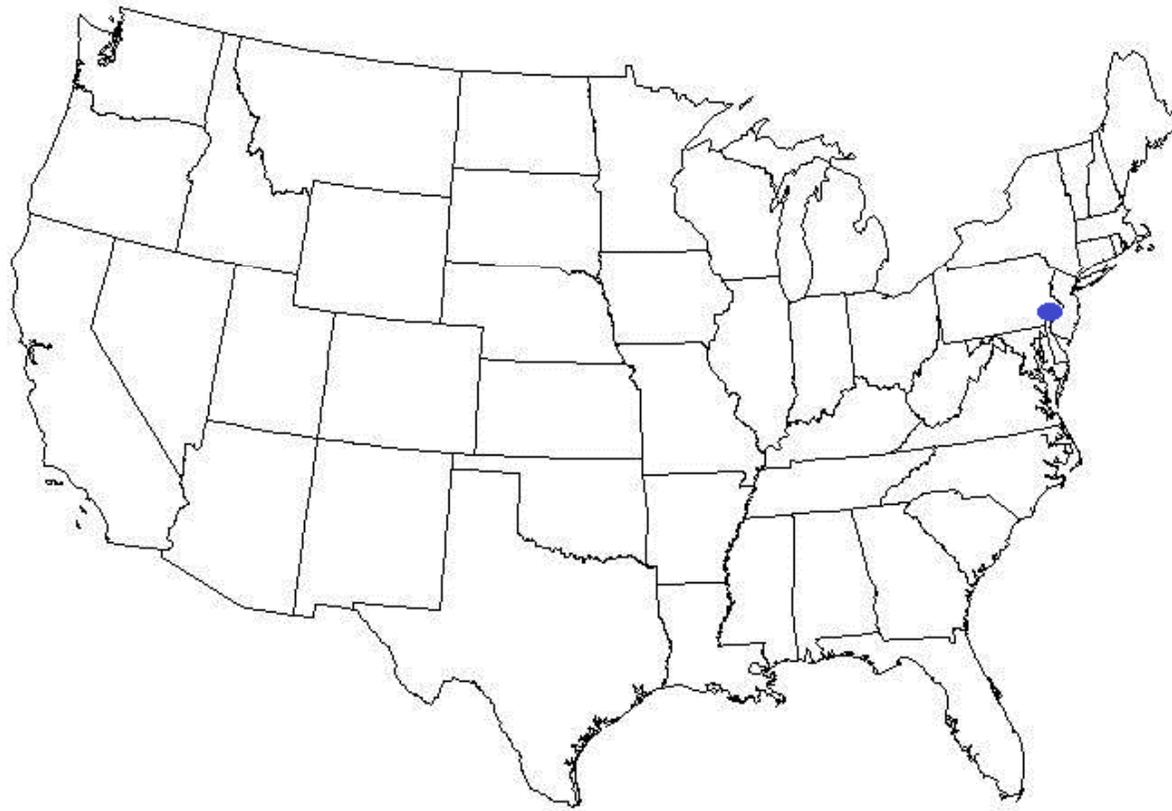
- This is the plce where the Declaration of Independence (1776) and the Constitution of the United States (1787) were signed.

  You can also find there:

- **Liberty Bell Center**

- **Benjamin Franklin Museum**

Bell Facts, How It Cracked

- "A bell for the Pennsylvania State House was cast in London, England, however, it cracked soon after it arrived in Philadelphia. Local craftsmen John Pass and John Stow cast a new bell in 1753, using metal from the English bell. Their names appear on the front of the bell, along with the city and the date. By 1846 a thin crack began to affect the sound of the bell. The bell was repaired in 1846 and rang for a George Washington birthday celebration, but the bell cracked again and has not been rung since. No one knows why the bell cracked either time." [5]

Monticello and the University of Virginia in Charlottesville
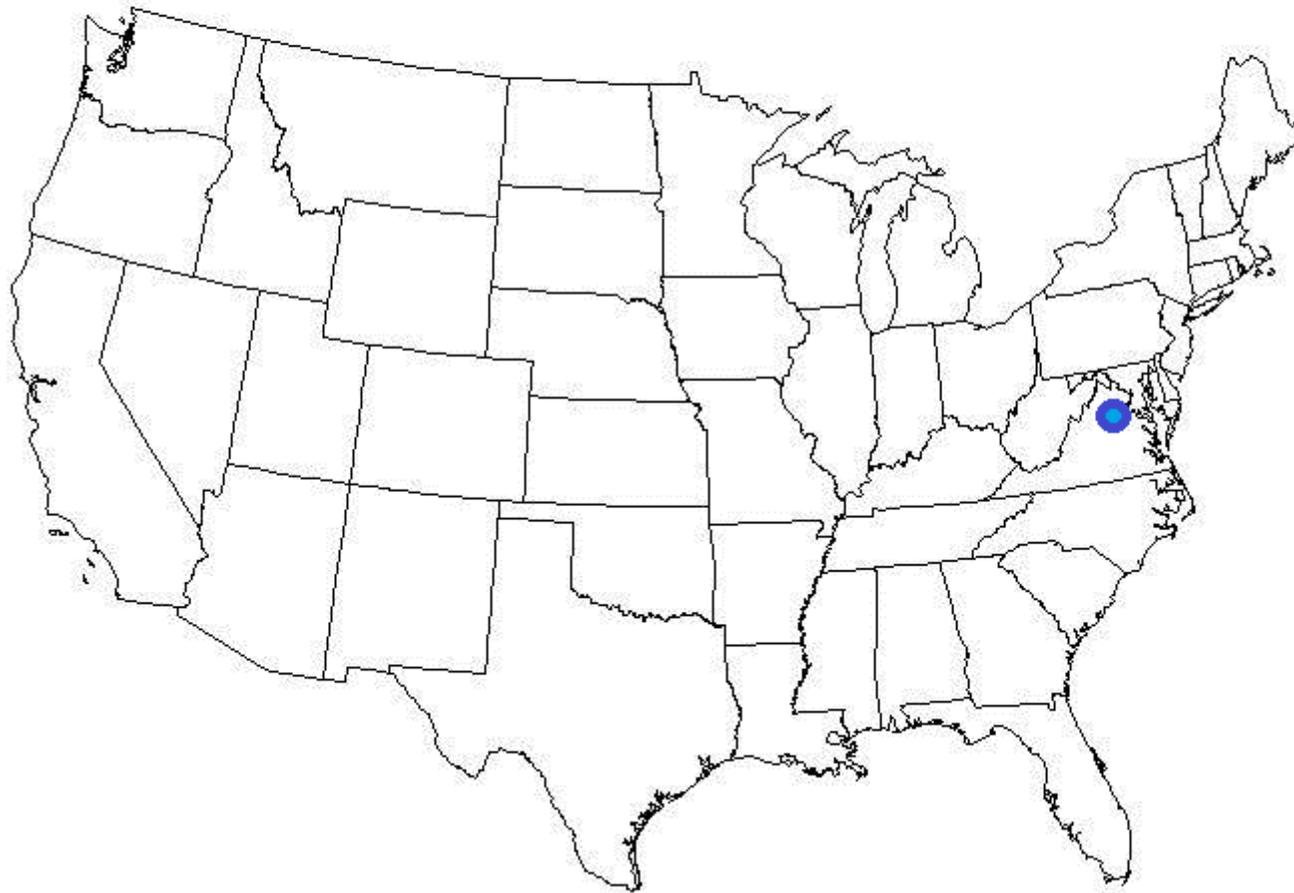
- Thomas Jefferson was not only one of founding fathers, author of the American declaration of Independence and third prezident of the United states…

- He also was a self-teached architect and so he designed his plantation home called Monticello and a academic village which then become the university of Virginia

  TASK: There are grammatical mistakes in the text. Identify them and correct them.

- Thomas Jefferson was not only one of the Founding Fathers, author of the American Declaration of Independence and third president of the United States…

- He was also a self-taught architect and so he designed his plantation home called Monticello and an academic village which then became the University of Virginia

Sources

- 1) CAHOKIA MOUNDS STATE HISTORIC SITE.Plan Your Visit. *Cahokia Mounds State Historic Site* [on-line]. © 2008 [vid. 2013-8-14]. Dostupné z: http://www.cahokiamounds.org/visit/

- 2) UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE. Chaco Culture. *UNESCO World Heritage Centre* [on-line]. © 1992-2013 [vid. 2013-8-14]. Dostupné z: http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/353

- 3) TAOS PUEBLO TOURISM DEPARTMENT. About. *Taos Pueblo* [on-line]. © 2013 [vid. 2013-8-14]. Dostupné z: http://www.taospueblo.com/about

- 4) WIKIPEDIA. Mesa Verde National Park. *Wikipedia.org* [on-line]. [vid. 2013-8-14]. Dostupné z: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mesa_Verde#National_Park

- 5) TAOS PUEBLO TOURISM DEPARTMENT. About. *Taos Pueblo* [on-line]. © 2013 [vid. 2013-8-14]. Dostupné z: http://www.taospueblo.com/about